

Expanse Jira Cloud Integration v2.0.0

Documentation and User Guide

Expanse's Jira Cloud Integration allows you to automatically create Jira issues for Issue updates in Expanse Expander. This documentation includes information about how to install this integration, configuration details, and context for building business workflows using Expanse issue details. For additional information about Expanse you can visit our [Knowledge Base](#) and if you have any questions about Jira Cloud or other Atlassian Cloud products, you can find their documentation [here](#).

Goals and Outcomes

Examples of goals and outcomes for customers using the Expanse Integration include:

- Integration of Expanse Issues data into existing ticket management processes
- Reducing mean time to remediation (MTTR) for your Expanse Issues

Common Use Cases

Creating tickets for new Issues

Create Jira issues for new Expanse Issues in Expander, based on the type of issue, priority, and which business unit it belongs to.

New Issue awareness on network perimeter (On-Prem and Cloud)

Ingest and take action on newly appeared or reappeared Expanse Issues for a given time period, such as active Remote Desktop Protocol (RDP) servers or Telnet services, with relevant context like IP, port, protocol, banner response, and tags.

Overview of Functionality

Functionality

1. *Creating new Tasks for new and untracked Expanse Issues*

This integration will create a new Task type issue in a specified Jira Project for all new Expanse Issues that match the filters provided. It will also create a new issue for updates on existing Expanse Issues if no matching issue in Jira is found.

2. *Auto-Closing related Tasks based on resolved Issues*

The integration will automatically close an open issue for an Expanse Issue if it detects that the Issue has been closed via a new update on the Issue's activity status.

3. *Creating Custom Fields for Expanse Issues [OPTIONAL]*

If configured to do so, this integration will create a new "Business Project" project in Jira to create all Expanse related issues in. It can also be configured to create new custom fields in Jira which are useful

for advanced filtering, dashboards, and reports. Custom fields include **issue_type**, **issue_id**, **issue_priority**, and **issue_business_unit_name**.

Results

Example of an issue created in an existing project with no custom fields

Projects / Expander Issues VM / VMI-3

Expander Issue on .255.114:23 of type Telnet Server

Attach Create subtask Link issue

Description

----- Do Not Modify -----
issue_type: Telnet Server
issue_status: New
issue_id: 4bd88219-967f-3328-8995-582251057328
issue_assignee: Unassigned
issue_priority: High
issue_business_unit_id: 6b73ef6c-b230-3797-b321-c4a340169eb7
issue_business_unit_name: Acme Latex Supply
issue_creation_date: 2020-05-13T21:09:57.374626Z
issue_ip: .255.114
issue_port: 23
issue_protocol: TCP
issue_providers: On Prem
issue_domain: None
issue_certificate_subject_name: None
issue_tags:
reference_url: <https://expander.expance.co/issues/4bd88219-967f-3328-8995-582251057328>

To Do

Assignee
 Unassigned

Reporter
 Andrew Scott

Due date
None

Priority
 Medium

Show 3 more fields
Labels, Original Estimate and Time tracking

Created 31 seconds ago Configure
Updated 31 seconds ago

Example of an issue created using custom fields

Projects / Expander Issues / ISS-51

Expander Issue on .16.149:111 of type RPCBIND Server

Attach Create subtask Link issue

Description

----- Do Not Modify -----
issue_type: RPCBIND Server
issue_status: New
issue_id: f51727b7-66b8-3c0c-b8fa-ce2641acea44
issue_assignee: Unassigned
issue_priority: High
issue_business_unit_id: a1f0f39b-f358-3c8c-947b-926887871b88
issue_business_unit_name: VanDelay Import-Export
issue_creation_date: 2020-05-13T21:11:03.034629Z
issue_ip: .16.149
issue_port: 111
issue_protocol: TCP
issue_providers: On Prem
issue_domain: None
issue_certificate_subject_name: None
issue_tags:
reference_url: <https://expander.expance.co/issues/f51727b7-66b8-3c0c-b8fa-ce2641acea44>

Add a comment...

Pro tip: press **M** to comment

To Do

Assignee
 Unassigned

Reporter
 Andrew Scott

Due date
None

Priority
 Medium

Issue Type
RPCBIND Server

Issue ID
f51727b7-66b8-3c0c-b8fa-ce2641acea44

Issue Priority
High

Issue Business Unit Name
VanDelay Import-Export

NOTE: This integration only supports Jira Cloud. If you're using Jira Server and would like to integrate with Expanse please contact your Sales Representative or Engagement Manager.

Installing the Integration

The integration is delivered as a Python package in compressed tar.gz format which can either be run natively on the host using python 3.7+ or run within a Docker container.

Requirements

- Linux/Unix Host with a minimum of 2 GB RAM
- Python 3.7+ **OR** a modern version of Docker
- An Internet connection for outgoing requests

Installing Python Dependencies

If you intend to run the integration directly using python you can use pip to install python dependencies. Within the base directory of the integration there is a file named requirements.txt which can be used with pip to install the necessary python modules. It is also recommended that you use a [virtual environment](#) to ensure you don't encounter any global dependency clashes.

To install run:

```
pip install -r requirements.txt
```

Installing Docker Dependencies

If you don't already have Docker installed, you can follow the [Docker Installation Guide](#). Once you have Docker installed on your host, you should not need to do any additional setup - Docker will install all necessary dependencies when it builds a new image of the integration.

You should wait until after you've gone through the configuration steps below to actually build the image, otherwise your image may not be configured as intended.

Configuring the Integration

The Expanse Jira Cloud configuration is quite configurable in order to accommodate the different workflows and Jira restrictions of our users. Configuration of the integration is primarily done using a YAML file named **expanse.yml**.

Generating a new Jira Cloud API Token

1. Go to <https://id.atlassian.com/manage/api-tokens>
2. Click the “Create API Token” button.

API Tokens

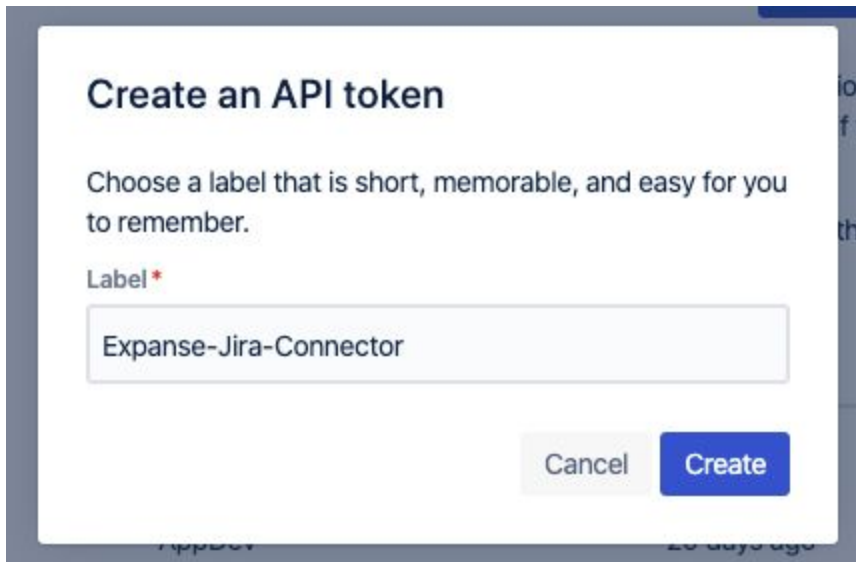
Create API token

Revoke all API tokens

You must use an API token to perform basic authentication with Jira Cloud applications on Confluence Cloud. You'll also need to use an API Token if your account has two-step verification enabled. [Learn more](#) about API tokens.

Your API tokens need to be treated as securely as any other password. You can only create a maximum of 25 tokens at a time.

3. Give your new token a name.



Create an API token

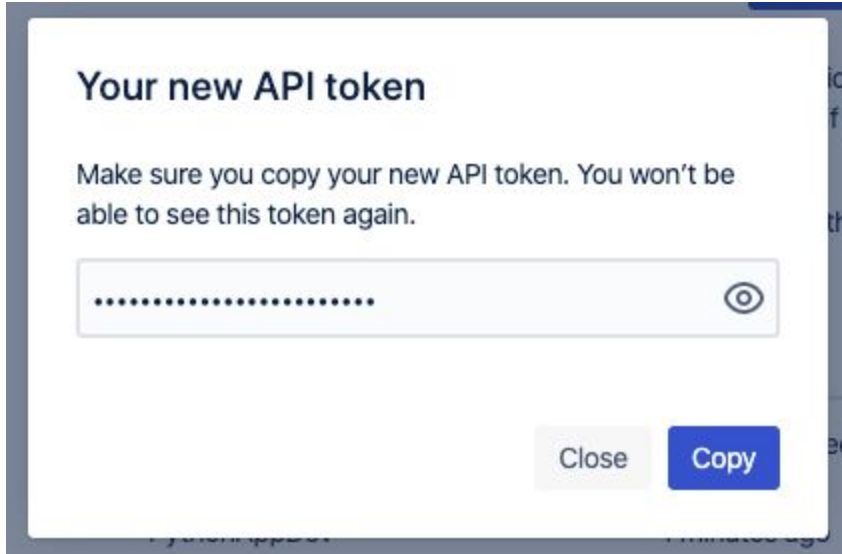
Choose a label that is short, memorable, and easy for you to remember.

Label *

Expanse-Jira-Connector

Cancel Create

4. Copy the generated API token.



YAML Configuration

Field Name	Description	Required	Default Value
jira.api_token	API token associated with a user in Jira Cloud used to authenticate requests.	Yes	N/A
jira.api_username	Jira Cloud username used to authenticate requests.	Yes	N/A
jira.address	Jira Cloud domain address.	Yes	N/A
jira.project	The Jira Cloud project key that should be used for the integration. If an existing project key is used new Expanse Issues will be added to that project. If a project key is used that does not exist a new project will be created for that key.	Yes	EXP
jira.project_lead	Account ID for project owner in Jira Cloud. If omitted the Account ID for jira.api_username will be used.	No	N/A

jira.map_to_description	You can set map_to_description to <i>true</i> if you don't want any custom fields to be created and would like all summary data to be placed in the task description. If set to <i>false</i> custom fields will be created for the following: issue_type, issue_id, issue_priority, and issue_business_unit_name. Custom fields will be added to all screens related to the jira.project value provided above.	Yes	false
expanse.api_token	API token for Expanse. This is used to authenticate requests to the Expanse API.	Yes	N/A
expanse.filter.priority	This filter can be used to specify which Expanse Issue updates generate new issues in Jira. Valid options are Critical, High, Medium, and Low. Multiple values can be used.	No	[Critical, High]
expanse.filter.issue_types	This filter can be used to specify which Expanse Issue updates generate new issues in Jira. Check the `Example_expanse.yml` for a full list of options. If omitted any Issue types that match the priority specified above will be included. Priority is checked before Issue Type, so a lower priority Issue Type will not work with a higher priority general setting.	No	N/A
expanse.filter.business_unit_names	This filter can be used to specify which Expanse Issue updates generate new issues in Jira. This should be a single Business Unit name or a list of names. If omitted Issues from all business units will be created in Jira. This filter takes precedence above Priority and Issue Type.	No	N/A
general.past_days	The number of days to look back when starting.	No	1
general.check_interval	How often to check for new Issue updates (in hours).	No	2
general.logging_level	The logging level for the integration. Valid options are DEBUG, INFO, WARN, and ERROR	No	INFO

general.logging_location	By default the integration will log to stdout as well as to file. This sets the logging location.	Yes	N/A
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Examples

This example would be for a customer who wanted to filter for RDP, TELNET, and SNMP Issues and wants to leverage an existing Jira project named RISK without creating any custom fields.

```
jira:
  api_token: MxyOaYYdQasApoCf6OUpFD75
  api_username: admin@exampleorg.com
  address: exampleorg.atlassian.net
  project: RISK
  map_to_description: true

expanse:
  api_token: IX1ppps4d1ZYRjW321Y2v1EotwDkiOQ-CjOrZ0vKKWi2
  filter:
    issue_types:
      - TelnetServer
      - SnmpServer
      - RdpServer

general:
  past_days: 2
  check_interval: 2
  logging_level: INFO
  logging_location: expanse_jira.log
```

This second example would be for a customer who wanted to include all Critical and High issues belonging to a single Business Unit and add these to a new Jira Project named EXP that will include custom fields.

```
jira:
  api_token: MxyOaYYdQasApoCf6OUpFD75
  api_username: admin@exampleorg.com
  address: exampleorg.atlassian.net
  project: EXP
  map_to_description: false

expanse:
  api_token: IX1ppps4d1ZYRjW321Y2v1EotwDkiOQ-CjOrZ0vKKWi2
  filter:
    priority:
      - Critical
      - High
    business_unit_names:
      - Acme Financial

general:
```

```

past_days: 1
check_interval: 2
logging_level: INFO
logging_location: expance_jira.log

```

Environment Variables

For some of the more sensitive values, environment variables can also be used in addition to the YAML config file. If environment variables are provided they will override any values provided in the YAML config file.

Name	Corresponding YAML Field	Description
JIRA_CLOUD_API_TOKEN	jira.api_token	API token associated with a user in Jira Cloud used to authenticate requests.
JIRA_CLOUD_API_USERNAME	jira.api_username	Jira Cloud username used to authenticate requests.
JIRA_CLOUD_API_URL	jira.address	Jira Cloud domain address.
EXPANSE_API_TOKEN	expance.api_token	API token for Expanse. This is used to authenticate requests to the Expanse API.

Command Line Arguments

In addition to the YAML config file and environment variable, there are also some runtime configurations that can be made via command line arguments.

Arg Name	Description	Required	Default
--conf	The location of the YAML config file.	No	./expance.yml
--single-run	Run the issue ingest a single time using the general.past_days value from the YAML config file.	No	false

Running the Integration

Running with Python

1. [Optional] Create a new virtual environment
2. Install python dependencies using pip.
3. Update the PYTHONPATH environment variable to include the path of the integration.

```
export PYTHONPATH=$PYTHONPATH:$(pwd)
```

4. Create a new file in the base of the directory of the integration named **expanse.yml**. Alternatively you can actually place this file in any directory you want with any name you want if you intend to use `--conf` command line argument. Configure this file based on the options and examples above.
5. [OPTIONAL] configure any environment variable based on the options above.
6. Start the integration by running

```
python expanse_jira
```

7. [OPTIONAL] You can also ensure that your python process doesn't get killed by using a tool like [tmux](#) or [nohup](#) to run the python command. Please consult third party tool documentation for running with these tools.

Running with Docker

1. Create a new file in the base of the directory of the integration named **expanse.yml**.
2. Run the following Docker command to build and run a new container

```
docker build -t expanse_jira . && docker run -it expanse_jira
```

Troubleshooting the Integration

If you encounter issues with the integration you are encouraged to enable debug logging to facilitate faster diagnosis of issues. You can do this by setting **general.logging_level** to **DEBUG** in the YAML config.